



Newsletter

Friday 27th January, 2023
admin@marywebbschool.com



Dates for the Diary....(Full academic year/term dates are published on the school website)

Thursday 9 th February	Year 9 Options Evening
Tuesday 14 th February	Year 11 Parent Information Evening
Thursday 16 th February	Junior STEAM Club
Saturday 18 th -25 th February	Year 9 Italy Ski Trip
Monday 20 th -24 th February	Half-term
Thursday 9 th March	Year 9 Parents Evening
Thursday 16 th March	Curriculum Day

SCHOOL TRIP REMINDERS

- ◆ Year 11 Geography Field Study Visit to Birmingham city centre on Wednesday 8th February 2023, please log into your ParentPay account to make the payment, give consent and provide emergency contact details. Thankyou
- ◆ Trenches Trip Meeting at Belvidere School Thursday 16th February at 7 pm

Student appointments

Please remember to let us know if your child has an appointment during the school day either by emailing the school on

attendance@marywebbschool.com or by telephoning **01743 792114** and leaving a message stating clearly your:

Child's name, Child's tutor group,

Word and number
of the week Beginning
Monday 30th January, 2023

compare 7



MEDICATION FOR STUDENTS



Please remember if you are sending medication into school for a student, it must be accompanied by an 'Administration of Medicine' consent form. This form is available to download from our website under 'Letters and Downloadable Forms', or can be collected from the School Office.

All medication must be in the original container and have the student's name on the prescription label. Medication must be handed into Reception where it will be stored safely.

Students are not permitted to carry medication.

The only exceptions are inhalers and epipens, for which we hold consent forms.

Please note without your permission we cannot administer your child's medication.

www.marywebbschool.com

'50 BOOKS TO READ BEFORE YOU ARE 16'

Congratulations to Izzy Clark who has completed her second reward card, she is on 20 books closely followed by Matthew Clark who is on 19!





Fixtures



A number of fixtures have taken place over the last few weeks that have involved pupils from Mary Webb School competing against other schools.

On Thursday 26th January MW hosted an Athletics event between 9 primary schools in different track and field events. This event would not of been possible without our amazing Year 10 CNAT leaders helping out and giving up their time to run this event. There was 18 of them in total and each of them were a credit to the school and showed confidence and leadership towards the primary schools and the organisers. Should be proud of them parents.

Football

On Monday 23rd January the Year 9/8 Girls played at home to Bridgnorth in the quarter finals of the cup. The game got off to a great start with high pressure put on the opponent's backline and it quickly paid off with Millie Duckett sneaking in and scoring from a tight angle. Ruby Roberts made it two but we unluckily conceded before half time going in 2-1.

After the break we continued the pressure and scored a quick fire double thanks to Maisie Challinor and Millie Duckett. With a goal back for Bridgnorth it looked like it was going to be a tense end but Ruby scored her second of the match to put the game to bed!

On Tuesday 24th Jan the Year 10 Boys played at home to Lacon Childe in the cup. Another big cup match of the week and the boys represented the school expertly. We got a quick lead again as the Lacon Childe backline was sleeping and Archie Woodhouse calmly put the ball away. Another couple came for us with some good displays of passing and that made it 2-1 at half time. We got fired up and put the game beyond all doubt by scoring a few more and winning 5-1. Next round awaits for the boys.

On Thursday 26th Jan our Year 7 Girls took two five a side teams to Priory to play a tournament. The girls were struggling at first to get to grips with the new rules but rallied well and put in some great tackles and performances. They drew the first couple of matches and after some great saves by Lily Mae and Emma K Priory eventually scored making us lose the games 1-0 unfortunately. We got to play each other and friendships were put aside and tough tackles were flying in but a great display of sportsmanship towards each other.

Ella Edwards got the only goal of the game with a nice cute finish into the bottom corner. Well played all!

Basketball

On Thursday 26th Jan we took 8 players to Meole Brace for a tournament. The boys were really keen to put on a good display after the last tournament failing to win a game and the boys did that for sure. They won an amazing 3 out of 4 games and lost the final one which was a close contest. Special mention to Will Steele for a great tournament all round.

Rugby

On Thursday 26th Jan our Year 9,10,11 Boys played in a friendly match against Meole Brace. Lots of our boys were making their debuts and felt nervous but the encouragement of the experienced spurred them on and they wanted to do Mr Tandy proud in what was his final fixture for MW. They certainly did that and the tackles were strong and firm and the crowd were loving it and motivated the players even more. They unfortunately lost 19-7 but the score line was unfair and the game represented it should have been closer. Amazing debuts all round but honourable mentions to Isaac Waering and Jack Rowson who both were brave and good leaders!





Head Lice in Schools

NEU guidance for members, reps and local officers

This briefing give information and advice on how to tackle the problem of head lice in schools, including facts about head lice and treating the problem, and sources of further advice and assistance for school staff and parents.

What are head lice?

Head lice are tiny insects which live in the hair and feed by biting the scalp and sucking blood. The female head louse lays her eggs close to the scalp where it is warm enough to incubate them. The eggs, or nits, hatch out, start feeding and soon begin to lay more eggs. Empty egg shells are left attached to the hair when the louse hatches.

How are they transmitted?

Head lice cannot fly, jump or swim but spread by clambering from head to head. They are caught by head-to-head contact with someone who already has them. Although anyone can catch them, they prefer the heads of four- to 11-year-olds. Clean hair is no protection against them. When heads touch, the lice simply walk from one head to another. Adult lice take every opportunity to exchange hosts to avoid extinction through in-breeding.

Shared brushes and combs can also transmit lice so schools should discourage children from sharing combs and brushes. It is also sensible for schools to stipulate that the school photographer should not use the same comb to tidy every child's hair.

Shared hats, headphones and jackets hung close together do not, however, present a risk. This is because head lice that involuntarily fall off the head or clamber on to clothes or other articles, such as pillows or cuddly toys, are dying and harmless.

What are the signs of head lice infestation?

The way head lice feed causes itching, so scratching the scalp is usually the first sign that a child has head lice. It should be pointed out that the onset of itching may be delayed by weeks, or even months, when someone first catches lice. Another sign of head lice may be a rash on the base of the neck caused by lice droppings. Anyone who has had head lice for a while may begin to feel generally unwell or 'lousy'.

How are head lice detected?

Lice are most easily detected by combing really well conditioned soaking wet hair with a fine-tooth comb. Really wet lice stay still and cannot escape. Combing dry or damp hair with a fine-tooth comb is not a reliable way to detect lice. In dry or damp hair, lice move quickly away from the disturbance caused by a comb. Regular head inspections in school, therefore, are of dubious value because only the most severe cases are likely to be detected. Many milder cases will be overlooked, thus lulling parents and schools into a false sense of security.



What is the treatment?

There are two main methods of dealing with a head lice infestation: wet combing and use of insecticidal lotions. Whichever option is chosen, it is important to recognise that neither will protect against re-infection.

Use of insecticidal lotions

Do not use lotions unless live lice have been found. Check all close family/friends by the 'wet combing' method described below. If using a lotion, follow the instructions on the product packet and make sure you have enough lotion to treat all those who may be affected. The lotion used may be capable of killing eggs as well as lice, but there is no certainty of this. Check for baby lice hatching out from eggs three to five days after you use it and again at ten to 12 days. If the lice appear to be unaffected by the lotion or if the problem persists, you should take advice from your local school nurse, health visitor, pharmacist or GP. You should seek advice where whoever is being treated is under one year of age, suffers from asthma or allergies, or is pregnant or breast feeding.

Wet combing or 'bug busting' method

The 'bug busting' method is an alternative method, devised by the charity Community Hygiene Concern, which avoids the use of insecticides. It aims at systematic removal of live lice by combing through the hair and physically removing any lice found.

After washing the hair, copious amounts of conditioner should be applied and, after detangling with an ordinary wide-tooth comb. With the person sitting upright or leaning over the bath, comb the hair from the roots using a special 'bug buster' fine-tooth comb, with the teeth of the comb slotting into the hair at the roots with every stroke. After each stroke, the lice should be cleared from the comb.

Wet lice find it difficult to escape from this combing. It is hard for them to keep a grip on hair which is slippery with conditioner, and so removal with the comb is easier. The lice should then be wiped on to kitchen paper and disposed of, or simply rinsed away.

This routine should be repeated every three to four days for two weeks so that any lice emerging from the eggs are removed before they can spread. Given that head lice do not lay eggs until about a week after they have hatched, it follows that removing the live lice regularly will result in lice-free children in a fortnight. Re-infection can, of course, occur if head-to-head contact is subsequently made with someone with head lice. Bug buster kits, containing instruction leaflets, five combs (a de-tangler comb and combs for removing baby and adult live and empty shells) and a plastic cape, are re-usable, and are available from some local chemists or from Community Hygiene Concern (see contact details below).

What can schools do to prevent head lice spreading?

Head lice infestation, particularly when repeated, can cause great distress. Generally speaking, teachers and parents who become infested are likely to feel more squeamish than children, who often have a more matter-of-fact approach.



Schools may wish to consider the following approach to head lice prevention, which involves obtaining the co-operation of parents:

- Parents should be provided with information on bug busting.
- Schools may wish to supply parents with bug buster combs. Bulk buying can reduce the cost.
- Parents should be requested to check their child's hair regularly, using the bug busting wet combing method described above, and inform the school as soon as they discover any head lice.
- If an outbreak occurs, all parents should be sent a standard letter, alerting them to the outbreak and asking them to take part in a bug busting campaign, involving careful combing of the whole family's conditioned hair with a bug buster comb every three days over a two-week period. All parents should be asked to take part, regardless of whether they think their child has lice, since without rigorous checking the lice are easy to miss. Teachers and their families should also participate in the campaign.
- Parents who choose to use an insecticidal product should also be advised to bug bust three to five days after application, to check that no lice remain after the treatment and to clear any new lice which may be caught, before they multiply.

What can teachers do to prevent their own hair becoming infested?

The only sure way is to avoid head-to-head contact with infested children.

Dealing with cases of repeated infestation

The NEU sometimes receives enquiries about cases where particular children are known to be the source of regular re-infestation of other pupils, sometimes due to parental negligence or refusal to take the above steps to deal with their children's own infestation. If, in such circumstances, NEU members feel that their school or employer is not taking the problem seriously, the union will offer advice and assistance.

As a general rule, the NEU does not favour excluding children with head lice from school in such circumstances. Excluding the child is unlikely to solve the problem and the child would suffer the stigma of exclusion for a reason beyond their control. Other contagious, but less noticeable, cases will probably remain. Exclusion is not used for other conditions with low transmissibility, such as verrucas and herpes simplex and, although unpleasant, head lice do not constitute a threat to public health.

Families with recurring or continuing infection need to be supported by health professionals, particularly school nurses. They should be prepared to make a professional assessment of reported cases, provide appropriate information, support and advice to teachers and parents, and undertake home visits if that is deemed to be the most tactful and effective method of dealing with the problems of a particular family.



Further advice and help

Further information and materials such as leaflets, stickers and videos for use in schools can be obtained from:

Community Hygiene Concern Advice
helpline: 01908 561928 chc.org

Public Health England information on head lice is available at: gov.uk/guidance/head-lice-pediculosis

NHS information on head lice is available [here](#).

YOUTH CAFE

activities

FREE WiFi

snacks

music

Every **MONDAY** 330pm - 5pm (term time)

Years 7-10

Drop-in

FREE admission

Contact Greg on 07902 794653



A youth group at Holy Trinity Church, Minsterley